

Weather Forecast:
Fair and Cooler Tonight

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Czar Strikes Blow to Wipe Out Whole Austrian Army ENTIRE GERMAN ARMY OF INVASION LOCKED IN BATTLE WITH ALLIED FORCES

THOUSANDS OF PIONEERS JOIN IN OBSERVANCE OF LABOR DAY

Central Council Holds Big
Union Celebration at Chesapeake Beach, With Big
Crowd Present.

This is the fete day of every man and woman who labors, either with hand or brain, and the thousands of Washingtonians who contribute their share to the world's work are observing it in approved fashion.

While no big celebration is being held for the entire city, there are a score of desirable programs being carried out in outlying parts of the District and in neighboring cities of Maryland and Virginia. Every summer park and amusement resort within thirty miles of Washington is drawing a large quota of the holiday crowd, and there are hundreds of family parties and fishing parties spending the day along the Potomac and other streams.

Unions Celebrate Day.

Union labor organizations, under the direction of the Central Labor Union, are observing the day with a series of business trips. The Chesapeake Beach party in the day and more pleasure seekers from the Capital are there today than at any other single resort. For several years the organized labor forces have held their outing at Benning, and this is the first time they have ever come to the beach.

John B. Colpoys, secretary of the central union and chairman of the executive committee which arranged the outing, was not able to take part in the fun today, being detained in South Carolina, where he had gone on business trip. The first train left the Capital at 7 o'clock, and the district line for the beach at 7 o'clock morning, and trains will run hourly until 9 o'clock tonight.

Moore Open Show.

Those who did not care to go so far from home found plenty to amuse and interest them at Andrews ball park, between H and I streets northeast, where the six-day carnival of Columbia, No. 128, Local Order of the Moose of the world, began at 10 o'clock this morning. The Blue Ribbon Show, giving six big entertainment features, will be on the grounds all week and at 10 and 12 o'clock "Dare Devil" will make a 100-foot dive into the sea.

The children of the German Orphan Asylum, out on Good Hope road, are having their last big picnic of the year. The little folk had their dinner under the trees near the home, and games and races followed. A box picnic, under

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Today's War Summary

By JOHN EDWIN NEVIN.

ENGLAND—Naval activities are foreshadowed by announcement following the loss of the cruiser Pathfinder and the liner Runo by mines, and the sinking of fifteen fishing trawlers by German warships, that the North sea is closed to navigation. The general war situation is described as excellent, and additional troops are en route to France and Belgium.

FRANCE—The war office at Bordeaux interprets the failure of the Germans to attack Paris as indicating an intention of holding the German right wing east of the capital to await the outcome of a supreme effort being made by the center and left to crush the French armies now under attack in the north and east.

RUSSIA—Russians are making a desperate effort completely to annihilate the Austrian army under General Von Auffenberg in Russian Poland before German re-enforcements can reach them. They are also attacking the strong fortifications of Przemyel on the San river in Galicia.

BELGIUM—The Belgians report that the German attempt to cut the Belgian line and isolate Antwerp from the sea has been checked by Belgians, with heavy loss to the Germans.

MONTENEGRO—French heavy siege artillery has been landed to aid the Montenegrins in reducing Cattaro, which is wanted by the French-British war fleet as a naval base on the Adriatic.

SERBIA—It is officially announced that Belgrade still holds out against the Austrians, although many buildings have been destroyed. Serbian women are aiding the men. Further charges of atrocities by the fleeing Austrians follow the battle of Shabatz are made.

TURKEY—Pressure to have Turkey join in the war continues, although the Porte insists on remaining neutral. German reports insist that Turkey is only waiting the opportune moment to come to the aid of Germany and Austria.

GERMANY—Official reports declare that the German successes continue in the east as well as in the west.

AUSTRIA—It is officially admitted at Vienna that the Russians are making a supreme effort to annihilate General Von Auffenberg's army, but the general staff declares this will be impossible.

"Fog" Is Motif In War News

LONDON, Sept. 7.—The "fog" motif is a strong favorite with English editorial writers. Here are the opening sentences of the "leaders" in three London morning papers.

"Today's news does not lift the fog over Belgium."

"The war still goes on in the dark."

"The latest moves of the war are grounded in the mist of secrecy."

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Monk Officer In Czar's Army

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 7.—Emulating the deeds in the fourteenth century during the Tartar invasion, M. Golitsvitch, a former guard officer and more recently head of the St. Athanasius monastery, applied for a commission while at the same time retaining his monastic life. According to the ancient Russian custom, he will head the troops in a uniform covered with a cross, and will challenge his opponents to single combat.

BENTLEY PITCHES TWO-HIT CONTEST

Holds Connie Mack's World's
Champions Safe, and Wins
by 1 to 0 Score.

By THOMAS KIRBY.

Repeating the success that accompanied his debut almost a year ago against a provisional team offered by Connie Mack in the closing week of the campaign after the championship had been decided, Johnny Bentley achieved the almost impossible today when he ranked up the title holders of the universe by blanking them by 1 to 0 in the morning game.

The performance of Bentley was parallel with the work of Jim Shaw in New York, on Friday, when he set a record for the season of fourteen strikes out. What added to the mark of Bentley was the fact that he was opposing a far more vicious band of hitters than those who faced Shaw on Manhattan Island.

For seven innings not a mackman reached first base by way of a hit. It was not until the eighth, after one had been retired, that Bentley, having worked to the utmost of his ability up to this time, relinquished the first hit.

In the ninth with two gone another single was charged against the left-hander from Sandy Springs. This was the work of the man who with the mauling, wrecking, smashing collection of sluggers that is now sailing merrily along to another right to be entered in a world's series.

Bob Shawkey, one of the most dependable of the pitchers under the command of the chief of the champions, worked for the Athletics. He did well. But no pitcher could offset the work of Griffith for mound duty for the Nationals.

As for the real heroic figure (Continued on Eighth Page.)

BRAVES DOWN GIANTS IN OPENING CLASH

Boston Comes From Behind
and Snatch Victory From the
Great Mathewson.

FENWAY PARK, BOSTON, Sept. 7.—With one down in the last half of the ninth and the score 4-3 against them, in the morning game of a double bill today, the Boston Braves hammered Mathewson for two singles and a double, winning 5 to 4.

The Braves' victory shot them one full game ahead of the Giants and in the lead of the National League. It was little Josh Devore, ex-Giant, who paved the way for the fall of his former teammates. Gowdy was an easy out for Fletcher at first. Devore, batting for Rudolph, got an infield hit. Moran doubled into the crowd in right field. Devore taking third. Floss then came in, leading off, scoring Devore and Moran.

Thirty-eight thousand wild-eyed Bostonians saw the game. Many of them walked out as the game after the first game, paid another admission and returned to see the matinee this afternoon.

Both Rudolph and Matty were hit hard, lightning holding saving each of them on numerous occasions. Boston got twelve hits off Matty, and the Giants found Rudolph for eleven.

Chief Meyers was unable to play today, and may be out of the series here. He split his finger in practice, and McGraw refused to let him play.

Boston began scoring in the first inning. Moran's double, followed by Fletcher, Doyle threw out Moran, and Gossel doubled, scoring Moran. Gossel and Schmidt were easy outs at first.

New York came back in the second, scoring on Fletcher's double. Bobbatson's sacrifice and Grant's single. Boston forced ahead by one tally in the fourth, when Smith singled after a double by Schmidt.

Smith's wild throw to first to catch Grant in the fifth inning started a New York rally that ended in three runs for the visitors. After Merkle fanned, McLean singled, Grant being held at second. Fourth, Burns singled, and Doyle took third, but Fletcher forced Burns to Mananville, unassisted.

HIT F. Boston 100 100 612-5 12 1 New York 100 100 609-4 11 1

OTHER GAMES.
St. Louis 100 100 608-7 8 6
Pittsburgh 100 100 608-1 4 4
Batteries: Marmas and Gibson; Dock and Wingo.

Baseball Scores in 5:30 Times

If you want all the Baseball and Sporting News of the holiday don't fail to buy the 5:30 Edition of The Times today. Full accounts of the two games between the Champions and the Nationals and all the scores of the other double-headers will be given Times readers. You can't afford to miss the 5:30 if you want all the news of the day.

RUSSIA HURLS TROOPS AT INVADING FORCE IN POLAND

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 7.—The Russian army is engaged today in a supreme effort to annihilate Austria's war power. General Rouzsky, with his victorious armies, which defeated the Austrians at Lemberg, has been sent to Russian Poland. Today his forces engaged the main Austrian army along a battle front that extends from north of Hrubieszow into Galicia.

Additional re-enforcements have been sent to General Rouzsky, and while the main army is attacking the Austrian position, which is heavily entrenched, other divisions will attempt a flanking movement designed to cut off the Austrian retreat and also to prevent German re-enforcements reaching the scene.

It is certain that this battle will last for several days. In order that the fighting strength of Austria shall be completely crushed, it is necessary that the combined Austrian armies in Poland be annihilated. They are commanded by General Von Auffenberg, formerly minister of war, and they were giving the Russian army great annoyance until General Rouzsky's victorious movement against Lemberg permitted the cutting of the lines of communication and threw Von Auffenberg on his own resources, compelling him to resume the defensive.

The Germans have tried desperately to re-enforce Von Auffenberg, but so far they have been unable to do so with any material force. Because of the danger of a junction being affected, however, the Russian general staff decided to annihilate the Austrians at once, and Lieutenant General Yanushkevich sent orders to General Rouzsky to abandon for the present his pursuit of the Austrian army defeated at Lemberg, to assail Von Auffenberg.

GRAND DUKE IN CHARGE.

The operations in Galicia continue under the direction of Grand Duke Nicholas, with General Brusiloff, who was successful at Halicz, in command of the direct operations. It is stated here today that this army has already pushed forward fifty-five miles to Przemyel, the strongest fortification on the San river, which is gradually being surrounded.

Heavy Russian siege guns have been posted to command the entele, and it was being shelled today. The Russians will bridge the river to the south of the city and will attempt an enveloping movement. It is the intention of the general staff not to waste too much time with fortified towns.

The Russian army is so vast that it will be possible to detach overwhelming forces to besiege all garrisoned fortifications and then sweep on toward Berlin and Vienna without a halt.

Little information regarding the operations in East Prussia is obtainable today. It was stated that the situation had shown little change since the reports of yesterday, but that the Russian advance was being slowly pushed forward.

So many prisoners have been taken that it is stated the general staff has been compelled to establish new concentration camps. These are in the interior although the location is withheld.

Russians Advancing Along The Line on River Deime

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 7.—The Russian army operating in East Prussia has advanced against the strongly fortified positions held by the Germans along the river Deime.

The Russian advance covers a wide front, extending from the province of Radom into eastern Galicia. The Russians are pushing re-enforcements to their relief. The Austrians have failed to make any decisive stand anywhere east of the San river. The German forces sent to re-enforce the Austrians, having mounted a heavy siege guns to command the entele.

The Russian expedition to seize the passes of the Carpathian mountains, but especially the Forok pass, giving an entrance into Hungary, are reported as successful. It is also stated that the entire Slav population of the Austrian-

ENGLAND TO STRIKE GERMANS ON WATER

North Sea Closed, and British
Admiralty Admits Developments Are Expected.

LONDON, Sept. 7.—England's fleet is preparing for an earnest attempt to break the German naval power. At the admiralty it is admitted important developments are expected. The North Sea has again been closed to all shipping. The navigation lights on the coast still burn, but a brusque announcement says they may be extinguished at any time.

The loss of the light cruiser, Pathfinder, following the destruction of the Wilson liner Runo, by mines, and the capture of a part of the North Sea fleet of fishing craft by German cruisers and destroyers, has again emphasized the menace from the German naval forces. Whether the British officials plan another cutting out sortie or whether they expect the Germans to feel out their strength is unknown, but there is no doubt that the admiralty looks for action.

First Class Light Cruiser.

The loss of the Pathfinder, while not material when the relative strength of the two services is considered, removes a first class light cruiser that has been serviceable. The Pathfinder was what is known as a patrol ship. She was placed in commission on October 12, 1906. Her displacement was 2,940 tons; length, 270 feet; beam, 35 feet; maximum draft, 14 feet; carrying a complement of 308 men. Her armament, which was replaced with new guns only last year, contained nine four-inch guns and two torpedo tubes. She had an indicated speed of 25 knots, and cost \$1,055,000.

Paymaster Sydney W. Finch was killed, six junior officers and two petty officers are missing, undoubtedly drowned. Capt. Francis M. Leake was wounded, but whether any members of the crew are missing is not stated here. When the Wilson liner was sunk all but twenty-seven of her passengers and all her crew were saved by trawlers that went to the rescue.

The loss of the Runo might have been more serious had it not been for the fact that the vessel was heavily laden with fish, been in the vicinity of her bulkheads held her aloft for nearly two hours. The reports of the trawlers in the rescue of nearly 300 persons is declared at the admiralty here to have ranked with any similar episode in sea history.

Is Greatly Stirred.

There is no doubt that England is greatly stirred over the failure of the British fleet to prevent the promiscuous sowing of mines in every part of the channel, and to protect the North Sea fishing fleet. This fleet, which catches a material part of the food supply of England, remained in port until the admiralty issued its announcement that the German fleet was completely bottled up, and that it was safe for all shipping to resume. Now that the North Sea has again been closed to shipping, it will be difficult for the refugees now in the Scandinavian peninsula, Holland, and Antwerp to come to England.

CATTARO UNDER FIRE OF BIG FRENCH GUNS

ANTIVARI, Sept. 7.—It is officially announced that, in addition to sending troops to aid the Montenegrins, the French have sent a quantity of great siege guns, with experienced artillerymen to assist the Montenegrins in reducing the Cattaro fortifications.

These guns have been mounted on Mt. Lovcen, and are already reducing the Cattaro fortifications. Meanwhile, the British-French squadrons are bombarding the harbor forts, and it is believed the city must surrender within a very short time.

The French are very anxious to take the city, as it would give them a much-needed naval base on the Adriatic.

German Bombs Fell on Hospital, Report Says

Supreme Tribunal of Baseball in Session

CHICAGO, Sept. 7.—The national baseball commission went into session here today with such matters as the world's series and the approach of the drafting season, ostensible reasons for the meeting. Rumors that overtures to bring the Federal League, made organized, baseball were to be considered, however, about the meeting rooms. The entire commission was on hand.

China Sends "Regrets."

China today announced officially to the State Department that it would be impossible for her to take part in the annual review celebrating the opening of the Panama canal.

KAISER'S GREAT ARMY ENGAGES IN DECISIVE STRUGGLE NEAR PARIS

Battle Front Extends From Nanteuil, North-east of Capital to Verdun, Nearly 200 Miles—French War Office Claims Initial Advantage in German Check Near Coulommiers.

PARIS, Sept. 7.—That the general battle which it is expected will be participated in by the entire German forces now in France, and which may prove decisive in character, has already begun was shown by the official war office statement wired from Bordeaux and made public by General Gallieni at 3:30 this afternoon. The statement says: "The French-British forces are now engaged in a general action northeast of Paris."

"The battle lines extend from Nanteuil to Verdun, via Vitry-Le-Francois, in the department of the Marne, nineteen miles southeast of Chalons, and at the commencement of the Rhine-Marne canal."

"The French, assisted by the British forces, compelled the Germans to retire from the region of Coulommiers, in the department of Seine-et-Marne, on the Marne river, after two days of severe fighting which ended last night."

"The entire French and English lines are in action and the combat is extremely vigorous."

Kaiser Directs Crushing Blow at City of Nancy

LONDON, Sept. 7.—Directed in person by the Kaiser and his heir and the general staff, the crown prince's army is making a furious effort to crush French opposition before Nancy, smash that great fortress and closed to shipping, it will be difficult for the refugees now in the Scandinavian peninsula, Holland, and Antwerp to come to England.

The French are said to be greatly outnumbered. Their greatly superior positions, however, it is believed, will offset the numerical advantage of the Germans.

Re-enforcements of 15,000 men have been sent into France by the British, as compared with casualties estimated at 15,000.

Heavy fighting is in progress near Besmont, in Alsace, according to reports from Basle, Switzerland. It is reported in Bologne that General Joffre has turned the German lines, and that the British command is now on the German left. This news came in a telegram to the mayor of Bologne. The message concluded that the statement that German forces at Lille have been hastily withdrawn.

Troops of the Paris army had a successful engagement with the enemy yesterday, according to an official communication from the French war office. The war office at Petrograd officially announced the capture of a whole regiment near Lublin.

Indications are that this means a German attempt to drive the right flank of the allies back toward Paris, and against the main attacking force now sweeping eastward from the French capital, being reported at Thierry. That the new movement is an important one.

German Position Gives Confidence to the French

BORDEAUX, Sept. 7.—The temporary capital wears an air of confidence today.

The majority of the residents are celebrating the German failure to attack Paris as a great French victory. The newspapers make much of it and detail at great length how the Germans, after coming within sight of the capital turned aside. Some profess to blame the officials for having abandoned the city and declare that the government should be moved back.

The war office takes no such rosy view. On the contrary, it is accepted that the action of the German right wing means the invaders are playing a waiting game. They are not in force strong enough to make any real impression on the French fortifications and they have taken up positions to the east of Paris, where

they are waiting the outcome of the struggle in other parts of the war zone, meanwhile recuperating from the effect of their record-breaking advance from the north.

Position of Forces.

The extreme right wing of the Germans is west of La Fort-Sous-Jouarre and slightly to the north of that point, converging southeast across the Marne river to the Grand Morin, a tributary of the Marne. Meanwhile the army of General Von Buelow, which occupied Rheims on Saturday, is moving to the right wing. The other armies in force which came through the gap at Stenay are opposing a very large French army, which was massed to hold the fortifications to the south. They are also co-operating with the German forces that came from Metz and which are striking at the Toul-Epinal gap. It is apparently the German plan to